Page 3— The Honorable Charles Rangel

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April 8, 2014

The Honorable Lucille Roybal-Allard U.S. House of Representatives 2330 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congresswoman Roybal-Allard:

Thank you for contacting me regarding the Commission's proposal to modernize and harmonize its rules governing in-flight wireless services. I welcome your comments on this issue, and appreciate the opportunity to clarify the limited, technology-focused *Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM)* the Commission approved on December 12, 2013. I also appreciate your support for the Commission's process, and recognition that appropriate actions can be taken to modernize an outdated technological rule and enable in-flight connectivity options that are available elsewhere in the world to be available in the United States.

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The FCC's December NPRM represented the beginning of a process to consider whether and how we should revise our rules to account for new technology and to improve consumers' access to mobile wireless services onboard aircraft. As a first step in that process, we are collecting information and soliciting the views of consumers and other stakeholders on an array of questions that will assist us in determining if any modifications to our rules would serve the public interest. However, even if the record leads the Commission to update our rules, it will be the airlines' decision, in consultation with their customers and subject to applicable Department of Transportation (DoT) and Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) rules, whether or not to permit the use of data, text and/or voice services while airborne.

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April 8, 2014

The Honorable C.A. Dutch Ruppersberger U.S. House of Representatives 2416 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congressman Ruppersberger:

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Page 3— The Honorable C.A. Dutch Ruppersberger

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April 8, 2014

The Honorable Jan Schakowsky
U.S. House of Representatives
2367 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congresswoman Schakowsky:

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April 8, 2014

The Honorable Aaron Schock U.S. House of Representatives 328 Cannon House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

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April 8, 2014

The Honorable Allyson Schwartz U.S. House of Representatives 1227 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congresswoman Schwartz:

Thank you for contacting me regarding the Commission's proposal to modernize and harmonize its rules governing in-flight wireless services. I welcome your comments on this issue, and appreciate the opportunity to clarify the limited, technology-focused *Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM)* the Commission approved on December 12, 2013. I also appreciate your support for the Commission's process, and recognition that appropriate actions can be taken to modernize an outdated technological rule and enable in-flight connectivity options that are available elsewhere in the world to be available in the United States.

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April 8, 2014

The Honorable Carol Shea-Porter U.S. House of Representatives 1530 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congresswoman Shea-Porter:

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Page 3— The Honorable Carol Shea-Porter

Additionally, the FAA is actively engaged in this matter to the extent it impacts airline safety or operations. Earlier this year the FAA released a Congressionally-mandated report titled *Study on the Use of Cell Phones on Passenger Aircraft* indicating that foreign civil aviation authorities in numerous countries where such technology has already been deployed reported "no documented occurrences of cell phones affecting flight safety on aircraft with on-board cellular telephone base stations." The study found that "[n]one of the civil aviation authorities reported any cases of air rage or flight attendant interference related to passengers using cell phones on aircraft equipped with on-board cellular telephone base stations."

Congress can also address whether in-flight voice calls should be banned. Two bills have been introduced, H.R 3676 and S.1811, that would ban voice calls on flights. H.R 3676 has been reported out of the House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. The Commission is ready to offer technical assistance on these bills and any other similar legislation.

There will be months of public comment and debate on the specific issues raised in the *NPRM* prior to any adoption of final rules. We hope that all interested stakeholders, including the airlines, flight attendants, pilots, the flying public, and others will review our draft proposal closely and engage in our rulemaking process.

Once again, thank you for apprising me of your views on this important matter. Please let me know if there is any additional information about this matter I can provide. We will place your inquiry in the record of this proceeding.

Sincerely,

⁸⁷ Section 410 in the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 (Public Law 112-95) directed the Administrator of the FAA to conduct a study on the impact of the use of cell phones for voice communications in an aircraft during a flight in scheduled passenger air transportation. Section 410 directed the study to include a review of foreign government and air carrier policies on the use of cell phones during flight; a review of the extent to which passengers use cell phones for voice communications during flight; and a summary of any impacts of cell phone use during flight on safety, the quality of the flight experience of passengers, and flight attendants.



April 8, 2014

The Honorable Albio Sires
U.S. House of Representatives
2342 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congressman Sires:

Thank you for contacting me regarding the Commission's proposal to modernize and harmonize its rules governing in-flight wireless services. I welcome your comments on this issue, and appreciate the opportunity to clarify the limited, technology-focused *Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM)* the Commission approved on December 12, 2013. I also appreciate your support for the Commission's process, and recognition that appropriate actions can be taken to modernize an outdated technological rule and enable in-flight connectivity options that are available elsewhere in the world to be available in the United States.

It is true that in-flight technology has been transformed over the past several years, and that passenger use of mobile devices could provide access to a wide range of in-flight communications applications, including text, e-mail, and data applications. It is also true that current technology offers airlines the flexibility to deploy a system that can allow data only.

The FCC's December NPRM represented the beginning of a process to consider whether and how we should revise our rules to account for new technology and to improve consumers' access to mobile wireless services onboard aircraft. As a first step in that process, we are collecting information and soliciting the views of consumers and other stakeholders on an array of questions that will assist us in determining if any modifications to our rules would serve the public interest. However, even if the record leads the Commission to update our rules, it will be the airlines' decision, in consultation with their customers and subject to applicable Department of Transportation (DoT) and Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) rules, whether or not to permit the use of data, text and/or voice services while airborne.

There are several key aspects to the Commission's proposal. First, we propose to harmonize our rules by expanding the current restriction on in-flight use of cellphones operating in the 800 MHz band to cover all mobile communications services in all mobile wireless bands. That the current rules do not apply to phones operating in other cellular frequencies represents a regulatory inconsistency that is poor policy.